

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Combined Financial Report
December 31, 2018

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Independent Auditor's Report

RSM US LLP

To the Audit Committee
The United Church of Christ Board and
Certain Affiliated Entities

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined financial statements of the United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities (the Organization) which comprise the combined statements of financial position as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, the related combined statements of activities and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended and the related notes to the combined financial statements (collectively, financial statements).

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

RSM US LLP

Cleveland, Ohio
October 26, 2019

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Combined Statements of Financial Position
December 31, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,981,916	\$ 7,280,121
Investments	285,757,207	317,604,581
Receivables:		
Church building loans, net	35,434,126	38,879,441
Support, net	3,076,246	2,776,770
Property sale, net	3,385,109	2,895,858
Other, net	6,273,091	6,825,193
Inventory, prepaid expenses and other assets	629,063	609,920
Beneficial interest in trusts held by others	12,451,315	14,232,885
Property and equipment, net	14,464,509	12,846,302
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Total assets	\$ 370,452,582	\$ 403,951,071
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Liabilities and Net Assets		
Loan payable	\$ 2,050,000	\$ 2,175,000
Accounts payable	942,218	587,289
Accrued pension and other post-retirement benefits	1,763,300	2,146,664
Other accrued liabilities	2,067,000	2,339,434
Funds held for others	3,291,901	3,612,149
Other liabilities	1,787,392	1,692,091
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Total liabilities	11,901,811	12,552,627
Net assets:		
Without donor restrictions	158,781,596	164,689,511
With donor restrictions	199,769,175	226,708,933
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Total net assets	358,550,771	391,398,444
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Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 370,452,582	\$ 403,951,071

See notes to combined financial statements.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

**Combined Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets
Year Ended December 31, 2018**

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Totals
Operating revenues and support:			
Our Church's Wider Mission:			
Basic support	\$ 4,984,542	\$ -	\$ 4,984,542
Special support	29,702	3,450,745	3,480,447
Gifts, donations and trust income	1,211,024	353,119	1,564,143
Other revenues:			
Publications and other resource sales	1,234,045	-	1,234,045
Total return draw	8,175,239	-	8,175,239
Management fees and other reimbursements	1,902,484	150,447	2,052,931
Church loan interest	1,716,250	-	1,716,250
Other	684,684	-	684,684
Hotel revenue	5,351,191	-	5,351,191
Net assets released from restrictions	7,405,604	(7,405,604)	-
Total operating revenues and support	32,694,765	(3,451,293)	29,243,472
Operating expenses:			
Program services	25,670,570	-	25,670,570
Management and general	4,521,550	-	4,521,550
Fundraising	1,934,787	-	1,934,787
Total operating expenses	32,126,907	-	32,126,907
Increase (decrease) from operating activity	567,858	(3,451,293)	(2,883,435)
Non-operating revenues and support:			
Gifts and donations	660,094	2,486,121	3,146,215
Interest and dividends net of total return draw	(948,518)	(2,412,992)	(3,361,510)
Depreciation in value of investments	(6,289,012)	(21,284,340)	(27,573,352)
Change in value of beneficial interest of trusts held by others	-	(1,781,570)	(1,781,570)
Change in value of split interest agreements	-	(495,684)	(495,684)
Total non-operating revenues and support	(6,577,436)	(23,488,465)	(30,065,901)
(Decrease) increase in net assets before the effect of postretirement cost	(6,009,578)	(26,939,758)	(32,949,336)
Postretirement related changes other than net periodic postretirement cost	101,663	-	101,663
(Decrease) increase in net assets	(5,907,915)	(26,939,758)	(32,847,673)
Net assets - beginning of year	164,689,511	226,708,933	391,398,444
Net assets - end of year	\$ 158,781,596	\$ 199,769,175	\$ 358,550,771

See notes to combined financial statements.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

**Combined Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets
Year Ended December 31, 2017**

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Totals
Operating revenues and support:			
Our Church's Wider Mission:			
Basic support	\$ 5,405,363	\$ -	\$ 5,405,363
Special support	27,289	3,666,214	3,693,503
Gifts, donations and trust income	1,216,895	252,191	1,469,086
Other revenues:			
Publications and other resource sales	1,475,646	-	1,475,646
Total return draw	8,173,948	-	8,173,948
Management fees and other reimbursements	2,418,028	15,235	2,433,263
Church loan interest	1,789,405	-	1,789,405
Other	465,871	32,842	498,713
Hotel revenue	4,843,843	-	4,843,843
Net assets released from restrictions	6,061,055	(6,061,055)	-
Total operating revenues and support	31,877,343	(2,094,573)	29,782,770
Operating expenses:			
Program services	25,262,092	-	25,262,092
Management and general	4,084,492	-	4,084,492
Fundraising	1,561,220	-	1,561,220
Total operating expenses	30,907,804	-	30,907,804
Increase (decrease) from operating activity	969,539	(2,094,573)	(1,125,034)
Non-operating revenues and support:			
Gifts and donations	2,558,540	6,169,521	8,728,061
Interest and dividends net of total return draw	(1,754,439)	(2,306,174)	(4,060,613)
Appreciation in value of investments	12,908,379	22,540,571	35,448,950
Change in value of beneficial interest of trusts held by others	-	851,752	851,752
Change in value of split interest agreements	-	74,574	74,574
Realized loss on deconsolidation of affiliate	(1,457,396)	-	(1,457,396)
Total non-operating revenues and support	12,255,084	27,330,244	39,585,328
Increase in net assets before the effect of postretirement cost	13,224,623	25,235,671	38,460,294
Postretirement related changes other than net periodic postretirement cost	110,458	-	110,458
Increase in net assets	13,335,081	25,235,671	38,570,752
Net assets - beginning of year	151,354,430	201,473,262	352,827,692
Net assets - end of year	\$ 164,689,511	\$ 226,708,933	\$ 391,398,444

See notes to combined financial statements.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

**Combined Statements of Cash Flows
Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017**

	2018	2017
Cash flows from operating activities:		
(Decrease) increase in net assets	\$ (32,847,673)	\$ 38,570,752
Adjustments to reconcile (decrease) increase in net assets to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:		
Net depreciation (appreciation) in value of investments	27,573,352	(35,448,950)
Depreciation	925,891	1,007,683
Write-off of bond issuance costs	-	39,211
Realized loss on deconsolidation of an affiliate	-	1,457,396
Contributions restricted for long-term investment	(1,419,502)	(1,553,579)
Loan loss provision (recovery)	-	(160,722)
Change in value of beneficial interest in trusts held by others	1,781,570	(851,752)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Support receivable	(299,476)	(71,273)
Property sale receivable	(489,251)	(213,794)
Other receivables	552,102	(1,135,975)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(19,143)	205,624
Accounts payable	354,929	(405,873)
Accrued pension and other post-employment benefits	(383,364)	(379,364)
Other liabilities and funds held for others	(497,381)	(505,430)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(4,767,946)	553,954
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Cash transfer due to deconsolidation of an affiliate	-	(249,104)
Purchase of investments	(232,542,384)	(19,275,443)
Proceeds from sale of investments	236,816,406	24,730,641
Purchase of property and equipment	(191,075)	(421,596)
Disbursements for church building loans	(5,710,986)	(6,916,210)
Repayments of church building loans	6,803,278	3,354,908
Net cash provided by investing activities	5,175,239	1,223,196
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Repayment of bond payable	-	(2,250,000)
Proceeds of loan payable	-	2,250,000
Payment of loan payable	(125,000)	(75,000)
Proceeds from contributions restricted for long-term investment	1,419,502	1,553,579
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,294,502	1,478,579
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,701,795	3,255,729
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Beginning	7,280,121	4,024,392
Ending	\$ 8,981,916	\$ 7,280,121
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$ 87,581	\$ 62,375
Write-off of fully depreciated fixed assets	\$ 891,493	\$ -
Transfer of church building loans receivable to property and equipment	\$ 2,353,023	\$ -

Due to the deconsolidation of an affiliate as disclosed in Note 19, excluded from operating activities are \$1,208,292 of assets and \$0 of liabilities at January 1, 2017, the date of deconsolidation.

See notes to combined financial statements.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Activities

The United Church of Christ (the UCC) is a Protestant denomination formed in 1957 by the Union of the Evangelical and Reformed Church and the General Council of the Congregational Christian Churches of the United States. The UCC is a "just peace" church that embraces all persons in an environment that is multiracial, multicultural, open and affirming and accessible to all who seek the Christian faith.

In 2013, the United Church of Christ restructured the national setting of the Church into its current structure. Several national ministries of the UCC are principally located in Cleveland, Ohio and include four separately incorporated entities, all of which are tax-exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code through the United Church of Christ's group ruling. National bodies forming the structure include:

United Church of Christ Board (UCCB): The UCCB is responsible for policies relating to the mission of the UCC in its national setting, to act as the General Synod ad interim and work in cooperation with the Collegium of Officers to provide coordination and evaluation of the work of the Church. The UCCB sits as the Board of Directors of Justice and Witness Ministries (JWM), Local Church Ministries (LCM) and Wider Church Ministries (WCM). It includes the functions of the Office of General Minister & President (OGMP), which represents the administrative functions of the UCCB.

Justice and Witness Ministries (a Covenanted Ministry of the United Church of Christ) (JWM): JWM's mission is to enable and encourage local churches, associations, conferences and national expressions of the UCC to engage in God's mission at the global, national and local level by direct involvement and action in the promotion of justice, peace and the integrity of creation.

Local Church Ministries (a Covenanted Ministry of the United Church of Christ) (LCM): LCM's mission is to encourage and support local churches of the UCC in the fulfillment of God's mission, to serve as a resource to constituents by providing special knowledge, understanding and guidance with respect to the mandates of LCM and to sustain relationships with other ministry partners.

Wider Church Ministries (a Covenanted Ministry of the United Church of Christ) (WCM): WCM's mission is to encourage and support local churches, associations, conferences and national expressions of the UCC to participate in the global mission of the Church; to support UCC ministries and those partner churches around the world; and to plan and conduct common global ministries with the Christian Church (Disciples of Christ).

Each Covenanted Ministry has autonomy and maintains its own funds and accounts but is in covenant with the other ministries.

A Common Services Corporation provides financial, legal, human resources, and other administrative functions for all the entities. The entity is controlled by and consolidated as part of the UCCB.

During 2007, Local Church Ministries Church Building & Loan Fund (CB&LF) became a separate legal entity in order to increase CB&LF's visibility and identity, preserve its history and enhance its fiduciary responsibility by establishing a separate Board with expertise in banking, real estate and investments. The entity is controlled by and consolidated as part of Local Church Ministries.

700 Prospect Corporation is a wholly controlled nonprofit corporation established to own and operate a building at 700 Prospect Avenue in Cleveland, Ohio, that serves as the principal offices and a place of worship for the national setting of the UCC and its affiliated and associated organizations that use the building. Rent for the building and related equipment is paid by the Organization and other affiliated and associated organizations.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Activities (Continued)

The Pension Boards, United Church Funds, Inc. (UCF), UCC Cornerstone Fund, Inc. (Cornerstone) and other organizations of the UCC are affiliated or associated organizations that maintain funds and accounts separate from the Covenanted Ministries and are not included in these combined financial statements because control and/or economic interest does not exist.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation: The combined financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Organization is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions according to two classes of net assets: without donor restrictions and with donor restrictions.

Net assets without donor restrictions are net assets that are free of donor imposed restrictions as well as net assets that can be designated for specific purposes by formal action of the Board of Directors of each Covenanted Ministry.

Net assets with donor restrictions include net assets from grants, contributions, investment income or other inflows where the use is limited by donor imposed restrictions that either expire by the passage of time or can be fulfilled by actions of the Organization.

Also included in net assets with donor restrictions are net assets subject to donor imposed restrictions to be maintained permanently by the Organization, which include gifts and pledges for endowment wherein donors stipulate that the corpus of the gift be held in perpetuity and only the income is utilized. Other permanently restricted items in this net asset category include the Organization's interest in the values of certain perpetual trusts and annuity and life income gifts for which the principal is held in perpetuity and the income may or may not be subject to donor restrictions.

Revenues are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions unless the use of the related asset is limited by donor imposed restrictions. When a donor restriction expires, these net assets are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the combined statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Principles of combination: The combined financial statements include the accounts of the UCCB, the OGMP, JWM, LCM, WCM and 700 Prospect Corporation (collectively referred to as the Organization), as well as the United Church of Christ Hotel Venture, LLC (Hotel Venture, LLC), and Local Church Ministries Church Building & Loan Fund, LCM's wholly controlled entities, whose activity is included in LCM. All significant interministry balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents: The Organization considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The Organization maintains cash at financial institutions which may at times exceed federally insured amounts. Management does not feel there is a risk of loss due to balances that exceed insured amounts.

Investments: Investments are carried at cost or fair value as disclosed in Notes 3 and 4. Investment income or loss, including unrealized and realized gains and losses, is reported as a change in the appropriate net asset category according to donor restriction, if any.

A total return draw on investments concept is followed whereby investment income is drawn from endowment investments based on a 5 year trailing quarterly average market value at a 4% to 5% draw rate depending upon the ministry involved. The total return draw is recorded in the combined statements of activities and changes in net assets under operating revenues and support. The difference between the actual earned income and the total return draw is recorded as interest and dividends net of total return draw under non-operating revenues and support.

Term investment notes: Term investment notes consist of certificates of deposit on deposit with the Cornerstone Fund, an affiliated organization. Due to the short-term nature of these deposits the notes are carried at cost which approximates fair value.

Church building loans receivable: Management reports loans receivable at their outstanding unpaid principal balances reduced by an allowance for loan losses. Loans are made to fund the construction, acquisition and expansion of church facilities. The Board of Directors of CB&LF, at its discretion, can place delinquent loans in moratorium (not requiring principal and/or interest payments) or declare delinquent loans to be in good standing and revise the scheduled principal and interest payments. Interest is accrued on the outstanding balance and at December 31, 2018 and 2017 interest accrued totaled \$179,475 and \$286,955, respectively. The Organization generally continues to accrue interest income on delinquent loans. Accrued interest on delinquent loans is considered collectible.

Allowance on church building loans receivable: Management uses the allowance method in accounting for uncollectible receivables. The allowance is an amount that management believes will be adequate to absorb estimated losses relating to specifically identified loans, as well as probable credit losses inherent in the balance of the loan portfolio. This risk assessment is utilized to determine the necessary portfolio level allowance amount. The risk assessment has been computed based on management's judgment of current economic conditions and credit risks of the borrower. Increases to the allowance are made by charges to the provision for loan losses. Receivables deemed to be uncollectible are charged against the allowance. Recoveries of previously charged-off amounts are credited to the allowance. Although management believes that it uses the best information available to determine the adequacy of the allowance, future adjustments to the allowance may be necessary and results of operations could be significantly and adversely affected if circumstances differ substantially from the assumptions used in making the determinations. Management established an allowance for loan losses of \$928,078 and \$1,097,177 at December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, for possible uncollectible receivables based on circumstances that occurred during the year.

A loan is considered impaired when it is probable, that based on current information and events, the Organization will be unable to collect all contractual principal and interest payments due in accordance with the terms of the loan agreement. Impaired loans are measured on an individual basis based on the loan's payment history and management's contact with the local church. Impaired loans are reserved at 90% of the loan balance at December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. For such loans that are classified as impaired, the amount of impairment, if any, and any subsequent changes are included in the allowance. The general component covers non-classified loans and is based on historical loss experience adjusted for qualitative factors.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

When establishing the allowance, management uses loan categories generally based on the nature of the loan. These loan categories and the relevant characteristics are as follows:

Church loans: These receivables represent active loans made for either site acquisition or for the construction of either first unit construction or upgrades to existing construction. The payment from borrowers is usually applied to principal and interest unless other arrangements have been negotiated.

Church construction loans: These receivables represent current construction loans. A promissory note and commitment letter will indicate the maximum loan amount that the Organization has approved relative to the completed value of the project. Funds are taken from the loan through a draw process to pay material suppliers and contractors. The borrower is only charged interest on the amount borrowed during the construction period. The construction loan is reclassified as a church loan once the total amount of approved funds has been disbursed.

As part of the on-going monitoring of the credit quality of the Organization's loan portfolio, management categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of the borrowers to service their debt and comply with various terms of their loan agreements. The Organization considers historical payment experience, temporary loan modifications, current financial information, church membership, the length of time that the senior pastor has been installed in the church and an overall evaluation by management. Generally, all church building loans receive a financial review no less than annually to monitor and adjust, if necessary, the loan's risk profile.

The Organization categorizes loans into the following risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of the borrowers to service their debt:

Excellent, Risk Rating 1: The evaluation process indicates strong loans with no identifiable risks. The loans are meeting their debt service obligation and the likelihood of realizing full repayment is excellent. There have been no temporary or permanent loan modifications to the loans in the past three years.

Good, Risk Rating 2: The evaluation process indicates solid loans with minimal risks. The loans have no indication of deteriorating operational or financial conditions. There is a good possibility of realizing full repayment. Historically, there was at least one loan modification or at least one instance of a late payment made sixty days or more past the original due date.

Satisfactory, Risk Rating 3: The evaluation process indicates identifiable risks. The loans may be underperforming compared to projections or standard expectations. The loans will likely experience occasional minor issues during the compliance period that should be monitored, but overall presents little risk of loss. There was at least one loan modification or at least one instance of a late payment made sixty days or more past the original due date.

Watch, Risk Rating 4: The evaluation process indicates additional identifiable risks. The loans may be underperforming compared to projections or standard expectations. The loans will likely experience occasional minor issues during the compliance period that should be monitored by management regularly. There is potential for risk of loss. There was at least one loan modification or at least one instance of a late payment made sixty days or more past the original due date.

Marginal, Risk Rating 5: The evaluation process indicates significant identifiable risks. The loans exhibit signs of weakness in operating and financial condition. The loans may continually perform poorly, requiring significant oversight. The risk of loss is likely. There was at least one loan modification or at least one instance of a late payment made sixty days or more past the original due date.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Non-performing, Risk Rating 6: Repayment of the loans has ceased or the property has been abandoned. Risk of loss is high. Foreclosure, abandonment, taking the deed in lieu of foreclosure, bankruptcy or other legal actions are underway.

Interest and fees on loans: Interest on loans is recognized over the term of each loan and is calculated using the effective interest method. The Organization determines a loan to be delinquent when payments have not been made according to contractual terms. Interest accrued in the current year and which is deemed uncollectible is reversed against interest income in the current year. Interest accrued in prior years which is deemed uncollectible is charged against the allowance. The Organization charges nominal origination fees and management has recorded these fees as earned in the year of origination. The deferral of these fees would be immaterial to the combined financial statements.

Pre-1985 grants and LRC loans: In prior years, the Organization made grants referred to as Pre-1985 grants and LRC loans for which repayment is required only if the grantee leaves the UCC. Therefore, no asset is currently recorded on the combined statements of financial position. The grant purposes are noted below:

Pre-1985 grants: These assets had originally been recognized as expenses of the predecessor bodies to LCM (The Congregational Church Building Society, the Building Fund of the Board of National Missions) and legal documents filed with the stipulation that the "grants" were to be repaid if the church was ever to leave the UCC and/or close. The Organization has received sporadic payments on these grants. Management has determined that there is no value to be recorded on the books.

LRC loans: These assets result from actions taken on non-performing loans whereby the Organization, based on a vote taken, required that a grant mortgage be created with the stipulation that if the church was ever to leave the UCC and/or close, the funds were to be paid in full, otherwise, these grants are maintained in perpetuity. Since the ultimate collection of these grants cannot be determined, management has determined that there is no value to be recorded on the books.

Allowance for doubtful receivables: The Organization determines its allowance for doubtful accounts for other receivables based on specific identification of uncollectible accounts and its historical collection experience. At December 31, 2018 and 2017, management has recorded an allowance of \$10,078 and \$6,503, respectively.

Property sale receivable, net: The receivable is the present value of amounts due to the Organization from the sale of properties located in Japan by a WCM affiliate.

Inventory, prepaid expenses and other assets: Inventory is valued at the lower of cost, generally on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis, or net realizable value. Prepaid expenses and other assets are recorded at their unamortized cost.

Property held: Real property, received in satisfaction of church building loans receivable and the Organization is actively marketing the sale of the property, is recorded at fair value at the time of transfer. There was no property held at December 31, 2018 or 2017.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Beneficial interest in trusts held by others: The Organization is the beneficiary of an income stream of funds held by others. These resources are not in the Organization's possession, nor under its control. These funds are irrevocable and are held and administered by outside trustees. The beneficial interest of funds held by others are reported at fair value and total \$12,451,315 and \$14,232,885 at December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The Organization's beneficial interest in funds held and administered by others generated \$719,660 and \$796,609 of cash sent to the Organization for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. These amounts are included in gifts, donations, and trust income on the combined statements of activities and changes in net assets. In addition, the Organization serves as a custodian of funds for others.

Property and equipment: The Organization capitalizes expenditures for property, equipment, furniture and fixtures and leasehold improvements. Depreciation is calculated using a straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset, ranging from 3 to 40 years. Maintenance, repairs and minor expenditures for equipment are charged to expense as incurred. Major expenditures are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the useful life or remaining life of the lease.

Costs incurred related to the development of buildings and building improvements have been capitalized and are included with property and equipment in the accompanying combined statements of financial position. The Organization evaluates the recoverability of long-lived assets and measures the amount of impairment, if any, by assessing current and future levels of cash flows as well as other factors, such as business trends or economic conditions.

The Organization leases various property and equipment. Leased property that meets certain criteria are capitalized and the present value of the related lease payments are recorded as a liability. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related payments are expensed ratably over the rental period. Amortization of assets under capital leases is computed utilizing the straight-line method over the shorter of the remaining lease term or the estimated useful life.

Valuation of long-lived assets: Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) guidance requires long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangible assets be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of the long-lived asset is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of the asset to future undiscounted net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the asset is considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the estimated fair value of the asset. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value, less costs to sell. Management determined that the carrying values of long-lived assets at December 31, 2018 and 2017 were not impaired.

Other liabilities: Other liabilities are comprised of deferred revenue and amounts segregated for conditional gifts and UCF planned giving.

Funds held for others: Included in investments is \$3,291,901 and \$3,612,149 as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, of funds held by the Organization as custodian for affiliated entities. Income and losses attributable to these funds are not included in the accompanying combined statements of activities and changes in net assets but are recorded as adjustments to the liability reported in the combined statements of financial position.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue recognition: Support for Our Church's Wider Mission (OCWM) is recorded in the period contributed. Support receivable is recorded for actual contributions made through UCC churches during the period, which subsequently are forwarded by the conferences to the Organization.

Other revenues are recorded in the period earned and include income from Hotel Venture, LLC, publication subscriptions, administrative services and meeting registrations.

Gifts and donations: Unconditional promises to receive cash and other assets are reported at fair value at the date the promise is received. Gifts of cash and other assets are reported as support with donor restrictions if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, donor restricted net assets are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the combined statements of activities and changes in net assets as net assets released from restrictions. The UCC classifies gifts as operating if they are included in the annual budget. Non-operating gifts include unanticipated and special fundraising initiatives.

General Synod revenues and expenses: The biennial General Synod meeting, which occurred in 2017, is funded primarily with OCWM National Basic Support receipts budgeted over a two-year period. In addition, attendees pay a registration fee. Income from the General Synod is included in other income and related expenses are included in program expenses in the combined statements of activities and changes in net assets.

Hotel revenue: Hotel revenue is derived from room rentals, banquet and conference facilities, and other related food and beverage services. Revenue is recognized when rooms are occupied or after services have been rendered.

On March 7, 2019, the Organization completed the sale of all tangible assets related to the hotel for the cash consideration of \$7,500,000. Hotel Venture, LLC will continue as a wholly-owned subsidiary until all obligations are settled and funds are disbursed to the respective owners.

Income taxes: The Covenanted Ministries of the United Church of Christ and Certain Affiliated Entities are exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable state law, except for taxes pertaining to unrelated business income, if any.

The Organization applied the accounting standard on accounting for uncertainty in income taxes, which addresses the determination of whether tax benefits claimed or expected to be claimed on a tax return should be recorded in the combined financial statements. Under this guidance, the Organization may recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. Examples of tax positions include the tax-exempt status of the Organization, the continued tax-exempt status of bonds issued by the Organization and various positions related to the potential sources of unrelated business taxable income (UBIT). The tax benefits recognized in the combined financial statements from such a position are measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. The guidance on accounting for uncertainty in income taxes also addresses de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties on income taxes and accounting in interim periods. At December 31, 2018 and 2017, there were no unrecognized tax benefits identified or recorded as liabilities.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The covenanted ministries are exempt from filing tax returns, due to its status as a church, however, 700 Prospect Corporation files a Federal Form 990 in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and the state of Ohio. Hotel Venture, LLC files a Federal Form 1065 in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and a local tax return in the state of Ohio.

Troubled debt restructures: Troubled debt restructuring exists when the Organization, for economic or legal reasons related to the borrower's financial difficulties, grants a concession (either imposed by court order, law, or between the borrower and the Organization) to the borrower that it would not otherwise consider. These concessions could include restructuring of the loan repayment schedule, extension of the terms of the loan, other changes in the terms of the loan, forgiveness of principal and reduction of stated interest rates or accrued interest. The Executive Director negotiates loan restructuring only when such change is deemed to be the most cost-effective manner in which to maximize recovery of loan principal or interest and/or to ensure the completion or preservation of the financed project. Management has evaluated troubled debt restructurings and concluded they are not material to the combined financial statements.

Recent accounting pronouncements: In February 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. The guidance in this ASU supersedes the leasing guidance in Topic 840, *Leases*. Under the new guidance, lessees are required to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the statement of financial position for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the statement of activities. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Organization is currently evaluating the impact of the pending adoption of the new standard on its combined financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)*, requiring an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. The updated standard will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in U.S. GAAP when it becomes effective and permits the use of either a full retrospective or retrospective with cumulative effect transition method. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14 which defers the effective date of ASU 2014-09 one year making it effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The Organization selected the modified retrospective application method and does not anticipate a material impact of the standard on the combined financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, *Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*, which applies to all entities and most financial assets that are not measured at fair value through net income, including trade and other receivables, loans and debt securities. The amendments in this update replace the incurred loss impairment methodology in current GAAP with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to determine credit loss estimates. The allowance for credit losses should reflect management's current estimate of credit losses that are expected to occur over the remaining life of a financial asset. Financial assets measured at amortized cost should be presented at the net amount expected to be collected, through the allowance for credit losses that is deducted from the amortized cost basis. The amendments are effective in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. Early adoption of the ASU is permitted for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Organization is currently evaluating the impact of this standard on its combined financial statements.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, *Financial Instruments—Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*, which updates certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of financial instruments. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. The Organization is currently evaluating the impact this statement will have on its combined financial statements.

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-08, *Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made*. The objective of this statement is to assist entities in evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as contributions within the scope of Topic 958, *Not-for-Profit Entities*, or as exchange transactions subject to other guidance and determining whether a contribution is conditional. For transactions in which an entity is the resource recipient, the statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. For transactions in which the entity serves as a resource provider, the statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The Organization is currently evaluating the impact this statement will have on its combined financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13, *Changes to Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement*. The objective of this statement is to modify the disclosure requirements on fair value measurements in Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurement*. The statement is effective for all entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted. The Organization is currently evaluating the impact this new standard will have on its combined financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13, *Changes to Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement*. The objective of this statement is to modify the disclosure requirements on fair value measurements in Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurement*. The statement is effective for all entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted. The Organization is currently evaluating the impact this new standard will have on its combined financial statements.

During 2018, the Organization adopted ASU 2016-14, *Not-for-Profit Entities, (Topic 958): Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities*. The objective of this statement is to improve the current net asset classification requirements and information presented in financial statements and notes about an entity's liquidity, financial performance and cash flows. The main provisions of this guidance include: presentation of two classes of net assets versus the previously required three; and recognition of underwater endowment funds as a reduction in net assets with donor restrictions. The guidance also enhances disclosures for board designated amounts, liquidity, and expenses by both their natural and functional classification. The Organization has elected to apply the practical expedient and not disclose prior year liquidity and availability of resources and functional allocation of expenses.

Reclassification: Certain reclassifications of the 2017 amounts have been made to conform to the 2018 presentation.

Subsequent events: The Organization has evaluated subsequent events for potential recognition and/or disclosure through October 26, 2019, the date the combined financial statements were available to be issued.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 3. Investments

Investments at December 31 are as follows:

	2018				
	OGMP	JWM	LCM	WCM	Total
UCF UCC Endowment Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 94,724,015	\$ 97,905,432	\$ 192,629,447
UCF Moderate Balanced Fund	5,503,699	471,831	21,331,561	2,506,105	29,813,196
UCF Beyond Fossil Fuels Fund	11,798,095	21,113,207	2,572,825	-	35,484,127
Term Investment Notes	-	-	7,192,336	-	7,192,336
Equity Securities	-	-	-	14,313,570	14,313,570
Money Market Funds	1,104,112	-	1,872,647	637,237	3,613,996
U.S. Government Securities	-	-	291,169	-	291,169
Other	-	-	1,936,917	482,449	2,419,366
Total investments	\$ 18,405,906	\$ 21,585,038	\$ 129,921,470	\$ 115,844,793	\$ 285,757,207

	2017				
	OGMP	JWM	LCM	WCM	Total
UCF Alternatives Balanced Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 104,967,897	\$ 104,571,067	\$ 209,538,964
UCF Moderate Balanced Fund	6,098,372	517,877	24,011,299	6,667,986	37,295,534
UCF Beyond Fossil Fuels Fund	13,333,544	24,228,547	2,813,056	-	40,375,147
Term Investment Notes	-	-	7,049,165	-	7,049,165
Equity Securities	-	-	-	16,386,743	16,386,743
Money Market Funds	1,160,430	-	1,822,800	1,314,761	4,297,991
U.S. Government Securities	-	-	308,790	-	308,790
Other	-	-	1,871,334	480,913	2,352,247
Total investments	\$ 20,592,346	\$ 24,746,424	\$ 142,844,341	\$ 129,421,470	\$ 317,604,581

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 3. Investments (Continued)

The UCF is an associated ministry of the UCC. The UCF Funds consist of approximately the following percentages of each type of security:

	Fixed Income Securities	Equity Securities	Alternatives Fund	Cash
UCF Moderate Balanced Fund	35-45%	55-65%		
UCF Alternatives Balanced Fund	20-40%	40-60%	10-30%	
UCF Beyond Fossil Fuels Fund	30-50%	50-70%		0-10%
UCF UCC Endowment Fund	22%	55%	23%	

Investments with UCF are held as units of ownership participation. The value of these units, based on quoted market prices, is recorded at the amounts reported by UCF. The Organization has term investment notes/savings accounts that are on deposit at Cornerstone.

An analysis of investment activity is as follows for the year ended December 31:

	2018	2017
Total return draw	\$ 8,175,239	\$ 8,173,948
Interest and dividends, net of total return draw	(3,361,510)	(4,060,613)
Net change in value of investments	(27,573,352)	35,448,950
Total	\$ (22,759,623)	\$ 39,562,285
Realized gains on sale of investments	\$ 61,318,027	\$ 3,090,642
Unrealized (loss) gain on investments	(88,891,379)	32,358,308
Interest and dividends	4,813,729	4,113,335
Total	\$ (22,759,623)	\$ 39,562,285

The Organization's investments are impacted significantly by the volatility of the financial markets and other economic events. This impact can result in gains and losses throughout the year.

Investment management fees of \$2,508,000 and \$2,901,000 were paid to a related party to manage an investment portfolio with a fair market value of \$244,697,000 and \$274,425,000 during 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Note 4. Fair Value Measurements

The Organization adopted ASC Topic *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* which provides a framework for measuring fair value under generally accepted accounting principles. ASC Topic *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* applies to all financial instruments that are being measured and reported on a fair value basis.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 4. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

For assets and liabilities that are measured using quoted prices in active markets (Level 1), total fair value is the published market price per unit multiplied by the number of units held without consideration of transaction costs, discounts or blockage factors. Assets and liabilities that are measured using significant other observable inputs are valued by reference to similar assets or liabilities (Level 2), adjusted for contract restrictions and other terms specific to that asset or liability. For these items, a significant portion of fair value is derived by reference to quoted prices of similar assets or liabilities in active markets. For all remaining assets and liabilities, fair value is derived using other valuation methodologies, including option pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques (Level 3) and not based on market exchange, dealer, or broker traded transactions. These valuations incorporate certain assumptions and projections in determining the fair value assigned to such assets or liabilities.

For the year ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, the application of valuation techniques applied to similar assets and liabilities has been consistent. The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value:

Investments: The fair value of investments, other than the pooled funds held at the UCF, is based on quoted market prices, when available, or market prices provided by recognized broker dealers. If listed prices or quotes are not available, due to the limited market activity of the instrument, fair value is based on net asset values reported by the underlying investment funds using unobservable inputs.

Investments – UCF: The UCF UCC Endowment Fund, UCF Alternatives Balanced Fund, UCF Moderate Balanced Fund, and UCF Beyond Fossil Fuels Fund are pooled investments funds managed by UCF. UCF provided the fair value of the Organization's interest in their pooled funds. The Organization's investments' fair value is determined by unit value as determined by UCF multiplied by the number of units held by the Organization.

UCF Alternatives Balanced Fund: The Alternatives Balanced Fund is a non-diversified portfolio of private investment funds and publicly-traded equities and debt. UCF allocates the Alternatives Balanced Fund portfolio as follows: 30% in core fixed income (primarily intermediate and long-term US dollar-denominated government and investment-grade corporate fixed income obligations), 20% in US large capitalization stocks (typically with a weighted average market capitalization over \$5 billion), 14% in hedge funds, 17.5% in international equities (typically the common stock of companies headquartered in developed countries), 5% in small capitalization stocks (typically with a weighted average market capitalization under \$1.5 billion), 6% in real estate and real asset funds and 7.5% in emerging markets. Actual allocations will vary from time to time and the variances could be material. UCF's unit values in alternative investments are determined by net asset values reported by the underlying investment funds using unobservable inputs.

UCF UCC Endowment Fund: The UCC Endowment has yet to develop its own asset allocation policy and the current investment policy and composition reflects the UCF Alternatives Balanced Fund.

UCF Moderate Balanced Fund: Pursuing a middle-of-the-road approach that emphasizes stocks for higher capital appreciation potential, this fund maintains a significant fixed-income component to temper market volatility. UCF allocates the Moderate Balanced Fund portfolio as follows: 55-65% equity and 35-45% fixed-income. UCF's unit value of marketable equity and fixed income securities are determined by quoted market prices.

UCF Beyond Fossil Fuels Fund: A broadly diversified enhanced index portfolio invested in common stock of global corporations, the Beyond Fossil Fuels avoids investments in exploration and production companies in the oil and gas industries, and thermal coal companies. UCF's unit value of marketable equity and fixed income securities are determined by quoted market prices.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 4. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Beneficial interest in trusts held by others: The fair value of the beneficial interest in perpetual trusts represents the Organization's proportionate interest in the value of the trusts. The trusts are primarily invested in common and collective trust funds.

Split interest agreements: The Organization is a beneficiary of certain split interest agreements that are managed by Weston, Patrick, Willard and Redding, P.A. who provided the fair value of the UCC's interest in its split interest agreements. Fair value is based on net asset values reported by the underlying investment fund using unobservable inputs.

Funds held for others: The funds held for others are pooled funds held by UCF.

Fair value on a recurring basis: The table below presents the balances of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31:

	2018			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:				
Investments - UCF:				
UCF UCC Endowment Fund	\$ -	\$192,629,447	\$ -	\$ 192,629,447
UCF Moderate Balanced Fund	-	29,813,196	-	29,813,196
UCF Beyond Fossil Fuels Fund	-	35,484,127	-	35,484,127
Investments:				
Equity securities:				
Mid cap value	14,313,570	-	-	14,313,570
Fixed income securities:				
U.S. Government Securities	-	291,169	-	291,169
Other	-	-	4,771	4,771
	<u>14,313,570</u>	<u>258,217,939</u>	<u>4,771</u>	<u>272,536,280</u>
Term investment notes, money market funds and other				13,220,927
Total investments				<u><u>\$ 285,757,207</u></u>
Other assets:				
Beneficial interest in trusts held by others	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,451,315	\$ 12,451,315
Split interest agreements**	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,822,257	\$ 2,822,257
Financial liability:				
Funds held for others	\$ -	\$ 3,291,901	\$ -	\$ 3,291,901

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 4. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

	2017			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:				
Investments - UCF:				
UCF Alternatives Balanced Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 209,538,964	\$ 209,538,964
UCF Moderate Balanced Fund	-	37,295,534	-	37,295,534
UCF Beyond Fossil Fuels Fund	-	40,375,147	-	40,375,147
Investments:				
Equity securities:				
Mid cap value	16,386,743	-	-	16,386,743
Fixed income securities:				
U.S. Government Securities	-	308,790	-	308,790
Other	-	-	9,043	9,043
	<u>16,386,743</u>	<u>77,979,471</u>	<u>209,548,007</u>	<u>303,914,221</u>
Term investment notes, money market funds and other				13,690,360
Total investments				<u><u>\$ 317,604,581</u></u>
Other assets:				
Beneficial interest in trusts held by others	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,232,885	\$ 14,232,885
Split interest agreements**	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,359,483	\$ 3,359,483
Financial liability:				
Funds held for others	\$ -	\$ 3,612,149	\$ -	\$ 3,612,149

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 4. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The changes in fair value of Level 3 assets are summarized as follows:

	UCF Alternative Balanced Fund and Other Investments	Beneficial Interest in Trust Held by Others	Split Interest Agreements **	Total
Balance, January 1, 2017	\$ 188,618,319	\$ 13,381,133	\$ 3,478,611	\$ 205,478,063
Purchases and reinvestment	2,428,159	-	123,266	2,551,425
Sales, net	(5,268,340)	-	(121,141)	(5,389,481)
Unrealized gains, net	23,769,869	-	-	23,769,869
Changes in value of beneficial interest				
in trusts held by others	-	851,752	-	851,752
Changes in value of split interest agreements	-	-	(121,253)	(121,253)
Balance, December 31, 2017	209,548,007	14,232,885	3,359,483	227,140,375
Purchases and reinvestment	-	-	2,032	2,032
Sales, net	(209,543,236)	-	(43,574)	(209,586,810)
Changes in value of beneficial interest				
in trusts held by others	-	(1,781,570)	-	(1,781,570)
Changes in value of split interest agreements	-	-	(495,684)	(495,684)
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$ 4,771	\$ 12,451,315	\$ 2,822,257	\$ 15,278,343

** The value of the split interest agreements includes the split interest agreements included in Note 9 and the Make a Difference! split interest agreements included in Note 7.

Fair value on a nonrecurring basis: The Organization may be required, from time to time, to measure certain other financial assets at fair value on a nonrecurring basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. These assets consist of impaired loans and property and equipment. For assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis on hand at December 31, the following tables provide the level of valuation assumptions used to determine each valuation and the carrying value of the related assets:

	Carrying Value at December 31, 2018				Year Ended December 31, 2018 Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Gains (Losses)
Impaired loans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

	Carrying Value at December 31, 2017				Year Ended December 31, 2017 Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Gains (Losses)
Impaired loans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,495	\$ 34,495	\$ -

Impaired loans are non-performing church building loans receivable.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 5. Church Building Loans Receivable, Net

Church building loans receivable consist of the following as of December 31:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Church building loans receivable for:		
Commercial real estate:		
Church loans	\$ 36,078,148	\$ 35,295,454
Church construction loans	284,056	4,681,164
	<u>36,362,204</u>	<u>39,976,618</u>
Allowance for loan loss	(928,078)	(1,097,177)
	<u>(928,078)</u>	<u>(1,097,177)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 35,434,126</u>	<u>\$ 38,879,441</u>

Church building loans receivable and accrued interest classified by loan category consist of the following as of December 31:

	<u>2018</u>			<u>2017</u>		
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
Church loans	\$ 36,078,148	\$ 178,247	\$ 36,256,395	\$ 35,295,454	\$ 248,366	\$ 35,543,820
Church construction loans	284,056	1,228	285,284	4,681,164	38,589	4,719,753
Total church building loans receivable and accrued interest	<u>\$ 36,362,204</u>	<u>\$ 179,475</u>	<u>\$ 36,541,679</u>	<u>\$ 39,976,618</u>	<u>\$ 286,955</u>	<u>\$ 40,263,573</u>

Principal payments scheduled to be received for the years ended December 31, are as follows:

2019	\$ 1,454,677
2020	1,224,581
2021	1,362,136
2022	6,435,891
2023	1,255,709
Thereafter	24,629,210
	<u>\$ 36,362,204</u>

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 5. Church Building Loans Receivable, Net (Continued)

The following tables present the contractual aging of the church building loans receivable portfolio as of December 31:

	2018				Total
	Current	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	
Church loans	\$ 34,739,445	\$ -	\$ 642,282	\$ 696,421	\$ 36,078,148
Church construction loans	284,056	-	-	-	284,056
	<u>\$ 35,023,501</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 642,282</u>	<u>\$ 696,421</u>	<u>\$ 36,362,204</u>

	2017				Total
	Current	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	
Church loans	\$ 27,409,436	\$ 2,945,781	\$ 1,265,065	\$ 3,675,172	\$ 35,295,454
Church construction loans	4,681,164	-	-	-	4,681,164
	<u>\$ 32,090,600</u>	<u>\$ 2,945,781</u>	<u>\$ 1,265,065</u>	<u>\$ 3,675,172</u>	<u>\$ 39,976,618</u>

The following tables present the risk category of loans evaluated by internal loan receivable portfolio classification based on the most recent analysis performed and the contractual aging as of December 31:

	2018						Total
	Excellent	Good	Satisfactory	Watch	Marginal	Non-Performing	
Church loans	\$ 28,347,893	\$ 1,980,199	\$ 3,855,828	\$ 1,021,901	\$ -	\$ 872,327	\$ 36,078,148
Church construction loans	284,056	-	-	-	-	-	284,056
	<u>\$ 28,631,949</u>	<u>\$ 1,980,199</u>	<u>\$ 3,855,828</u>	<u>\$ 1,021,901</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 872,327</u>	<u>\$ 36,362,204</u>

	2017						Total
	Excellent	Good	Satisfactory	Watch	Marginal	Non-Performing	
Church loans	\$ 29,441,843	\$ 481,872	\$ 824,470	\$ 1,909,378	\$ 2,292,937	\$ 344,954	\$ 35,295,454
Church construction loans	4,681,164	-	-	-	-	-	4,681,164
	<u>\$ 34,123,007</u>	<u>\$ 481,872</u>	<u>\$ 824,470</u>	<u>\$ 1,909,378</u>	<u>\$ 2,292,937</u>	<u>\$ 344,954</u>	<u>\$ 39,976,618</u>

The Organization categorizes loans into six risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of the borrowers to service their debt. The two main factors in considering risk are temporary loan modifications made to reduce interest or principal payments and late payments. A loan may be moved from the excellent category to one of the other five categories based on these two factors. Once a loan is out of the excellent category it is further evaluated using additional criteria to assess the church's ability to repay the loan.

Church building loans receivable considered as non-performing are loans that exhibit signs of significant weakness in operating and financial condition compared to other similar investments requiring constant oversight. The risk of loss is high. Foreclosure, abandonment, taking the deed in lieu of foreclosure, bankruptcy or other legal actions are underway.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 5. Church Building Loans Receivable, Net (Continued)

At December 31, 2018 and 2017, all church building loans are collateralized by a mortgage or deed of trust, including \$9,483,394 and \$5,869,658, respectively, collateralized by second mortgages on church buildings. Interest rates on outstanding loans range from zero percent to 8.0%. At December 31, 2018 and 2017, zero percent loans totaled \$408,049 and \$443,381, respectively, and below interest loans totaled \$8,872,455 and \$10,336,443, respectively. It is anticipated that zero percent loans will be paid in full. For zero percent loans and below market rate loans, management calculates an amount of in-kind interest income earned and contributed to the respective borrowers. The amount is equal to the loan balance multiplied by the difference between the current rate of the loan and at both December 31, 2018 and 2017. The rate of 4.5% at both December 31, 2018 and 2017 is used based on the assumption that this is a reasonable rate that a not-for-profit would pay to borrow funds. Imputed interest income and in-kind grant expense of \$88,173 and \$77,484 for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, was recorded to reflect interest on these loans with interest rates below these rates.

There is a risk in any loan agreement that the borrower will not repay the funds loaned. Because of this risk, lending institutions usually charge a higher interest rate to compensate for loss due to default. In the secular world, the interest rate rises as the risk increases. The Organization is designed primarily to offer loans to new church start-ups. These loans generally are considered a high risk due to the many challenges associated with starting a new church. To help overcome some of these obstacles, the interest rates charged are significantly lower than rates that would be required by an independent lending institution. Because of this difference in interest charges, these church loans, if sold to an independent lending institution, would not be valued at the Organization's book value by that institution. Therefore, an outside institution would require a discount if it were to purchase the existing loans.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the disclosure of the fair value of financial instruments. Based on the lower interest rates, payment schedules, higher risk and a limited market for church loans, management of the Organization estimates the fair value at December 31, 2018 and 2017 to be \$34,406,460 and \$36,731,880, respectively, if it is forced to sell the loans in a secondary market. It is management's belief that the properties and buildings that collateralize these loans, in the aggregate, have a fair value greater than the aggregate fair value of the loans.

As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, commitments for future church loans of \$2,315,891 and \$1,578,308, respectively, have been approved by the Board of Directors of CB&LF.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 6. Allowance on Church Building Loans Receivables

The following tables provide detail of the activity in the allowance for loan losses, by portfolio segment, for the year ended December 31:

	2018		
	Church Loans	Construction	Total
Allowance for loan losses:			
Beginning balance	\$ 1,097,177	\$ -	\$ 1,097,177
Charge-offs	(169,099)	-	(169,099)
Ending balance	<u>\$ 928,078</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 928,078</u>
Period-ended amount allocated to:			
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 872,327	\$ -	\$ 872,327
Collectively evaluated for impairment	55,751	-	55,751
	<u>\$ 928,078</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 928,078</u>
Loans:			
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 872,327	\$ -	\$ 872,327
Collectively evaluated for impairment	35,205,821	284,056	35,489,877
	<u>\$ 36,078,148</u>	<u>\$ 284,056</u>	<u>\$ 36,362,204</u>
	2017		
	Church Loans	Construction	Total
Allowance for loan losses:			
Beginning balance	\$ 1,483,208	\$ -	\$ 1,483,208
Charge-offs	(225,309)	-	(225,309)
Provision	(160,722)	-	(160,722)
Ending balance	<u>\$ 1,097,177</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,097,177</u>
Period-ended amount allocated to:			
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 310,459	\$ -	\$ 310,459
Collectively evaluated for impairment	786,718	-	786,718
	<u>\$ 1,097,177</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,097,177</u>
Loans:			
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 344,954	\$ -	\$ 344,954
Collectively evaluated for impairment	34,950,500	4,681,164	39,631,664
	<u>\$ 35,295,454</u>	<u>\$ 4,681,164</u>	<u>\$ 39,976,618</u>

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 6. Allowance on Church Building Loans Receivables (Continued)

The following tables present additional detail of impaired loans, segregated by loan category, as of December 31. The unpaid principal balance represents the recorded balance prior to any partial charge-offs. The recorded investment represents customer balances net of any partial charge-offs recognized on the loans. The interest income recognized column represents all interest income reported on either cash or accrued basis after the loan became impaired. The cash basis column represents only the interest income recognized on a cash basis after the loan was classified as impaired:

		2018					
		Unpaid Principal Balance	Recorded Investment	Allowance for Loan Loss Allocated	Average Recorded Investment	Interest Income Recognized	Cash Basis- Interest Income Recognized
With no related allowance recorded:							
	Church loans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	Church construction loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
With an allowance recorded:							
	Church loans	872,327	872,327	872,327	608,641	55,281	-
	Church construction loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
		<u>\$ 872,327</u>	<u>\$ 872,327</u>	<u>\$ 872,327</u>	<u>\$ 608,641</u>	<u>\$ 55,281</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
		2017					
		Unpaid Principal Balance	Recorded Investment	Allowance for Loan Loss Allocated	Average Recorded Investment	Interest Income Recognized	Cash Basis- Interest Income Recognized
With no related allowance recorded:							
	Church loans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	Church construction loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
With an allowance recorded:							
	Church loans	344,954	344,954	310,459	1,009,014	26,881	-
	Church construction loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
		<u>\$ 344,954</u>	<u>\$ 344,954</u>	<u>\$ 310,459</u>	<u>\$ 1,009,014</u>	<u>\$ 26,881</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 7. Support Receivable, Net

Support receivable due from UCC conferences at December 31 is as follows:

	2018	2017
Our Church's Wider Mission:		
National Basic Support	\$ 1,732,358	\$ 1,566,373
Neighbors in Need	804,009	677,319
Strengthen the Church	128,859	92,059
Total Our Church's Wider Mission contributions receivable	2,665,226	2,335,751
Make a Difference! capital campaign, split interest agreements receivable, net	411,020	441,019
Total	\$ 3,076,246	\$ 2,776,770

Our Church's Wider Mission contributions receivable are all due within one year. Make a Difference! Capital campaign, split interest agreements receivable are due in greater than one year.

Make a Difference! capital campaign contributions receivable consist of the following at December 31:

	2018	2017
Due after five years	\$ 708,575	\$ 708,575
Net present value adjustment (2.69% in 2018 and 2.40% in 2017)	(297,555)	(267,556)
Make a Difference! contributions receivable, net	\$ 411,020	\$ 441,019

Support receivables from Our Church's Wider Mission have been deemed fully collectible by management and it is expected these receivables will be collected within one year. Make a Difference! contributions consist of annuities and charitable remainder trusts and are deemed to be fully collectible by management.

Note 8. Property Sale Receivable, Net

The receivable is the present value of amounts due to the Organization from the sale of properties located in Japan by a WCM affiliate, as follows:

	2018	2017
Gross receivable	\$ 6,609,928	\$ 4,734,941
Net present value adjustment	(3,224,819)	(1,839,083)
Net receivable at present value	\$ 3,385,109	\$ 2,895,858

The receivable is expected to be collected over the next 27 years at approximately \$250,000 per year. A discount rate of 6.28% is used in the present value calculation. The receivable is being reduced by the reimbursement of expenses WCM incurs in Japan for support of missionaries and program grants.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 9. Other Receivables, Net

Other receivables at December 31 consist of the following:

	2018					
	OGMP	JWM	LCM	WCM	700 Prospect	Total
Split interest agreements	\$ 209,568	\$ 183,701	\$ 350,298	\$ 1,667,670	\$ -	\$ 2,411,237
Other receivables	928,496	98	1,514,892	155,721	1,497	2,600,704
Other support	809,587	-	-	-	-	809,587
Trade	80,647	-	-	-	-	80,647
Affiliated organizations	88,491	-	41,853	-	30,808	161,152
Accrued interest	-	-	179,475	30,289	-	209,764
Total	\$ 2,116,789	\$ 183,799	\$ 2,086,518	\$ 1,853,680	\$ 32,305	\$ 6,273,091

	2017					
	OGMP	JWM	LCM	WCM	700 Prospect	Total
Split interest agreements	\$ 266,354	\$ 234,015	\$ 415,781	\$ 2,002,314	\$ -	\$ 2,918,464
Other receivables	723,990	61,901	1,039,696	335,522	16,492	2,177,601
Other support	74,828	-	-	1,286,116	-	1,360,944
Trade	-	-	-	-	-	-
Affiliated organizations	39,710	-	-	-	-	39,710
Accrued interest	-	-	303,549	24,925	-	328,474
Total	\$ 1,104,882	\$ 295,916	\$ 1,759,026	\$ 3,648,877	\$ 16,492	\$ 6,825,193

The amount of receivables expected to be collected within one year is \$3,773,354, while the remainder is expected to be collected thereafter.

Split interest agreements consist of gift annuities and charitable remainder trusts where a third party is the trustee. The agreements are valued at the present value of the future benefits to be received calculated by considering life expectancy and a discount rate of 2.69% in 2018 and 2.40% in 2017.

Note 10. Property and Equipment, Net

Property and equipment, net at December 31, consists of:

	2018	2017
Hotel building, office furniture, and equipment leased to management company under operating lease agreement	\$ 17,688,422	\$ 17,941,758
Land and building leased to others under operating leases	4,673,521	2,320,498
Land	728,084	728,084
Building	1,267,258	1,267,258
Building improvements	5,160,983	5,160,983
Office furniture and computer equipment	2,040,957	2,457,998
Automobiles	-	30,041
Total property and equipment	31,559,225	29,906,620
Accumulated depreciation	(17,094,716)	(17,060,318)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 14,464,509	\$ 12,846,302

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 10. Property and Equipment, Net (Continued)

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 totaled \$925,891 and \$1,007,018, respectively.

Note 11. Line of Credit

The Organization maintains a demand line of credit with a bank with maximum borrowings of \$5,000,000 at December 31, 2018 and 2017. At December 31, 2018 and 2017, the line of credit provided for interest calculated at one, two, or three-month LIBOR plus 275 basis points, based on the applicable term of the draw. The line of credit is reviewed annually and is collateralized by guarantees from the United Church of Christ Board. Balances outstanding on the line of credit for both of the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 were \$0. Interest expense for 2018 and 2017 amounted to \$0.

Note 12. Loan Payable

On February 7, 2017, the Organization through 700 Prospect Corporation entered into a loan payable in the amount of \$2,250,000. The loan requires annual principal payments through March 1, 2022 and monthly interest payments at a modified rate of 30 day LIBOR plus 220 basis points, or 4.825% and 3.825% at December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The loan has a covenant requirement that requires the Organization to maintain a certain debt service coverage ratio, in addition to complying with certain other reporting covenants. The loan is guaranteed in its entirety by LCM. The loan balance was \$2,050,000 and \$2,175,000 at December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Principal payments required under the modified loan agreement are:

2019	\$ 375,000
2020	375,000
2021	375,000
2022	925,000
	<u>\$ 2,050,000</u>

Note 13. Accrued Pension and Other Post-Retirement Benefits

Defined contribution plan: Substantially all Organization employees are covered by a defined contribution retirement 403(b) pension plan administered by The Pension Boards - United Church of Christ, an Affiliated Ministry of the UCC. The plan is noncontributory, except for minor voluntary contributions made by certain employees. Employer contributions to the plan are 14% of employees' base annual salary. Upon attaining retirement eligibility, employees may select from several annuity options available for benefits. Retirement contribution expense was \$892,002 and \$841,677 for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The Organization's policy is to fund retirement plan expense as incurred. There were no unfunded liabilities under the plan at December 31, 2018 and 2017.

WCM post-retirement plan: WCM maintains a non-contributory medical plan for overseas personnel who retire with a minimum of 20 years of service. The Organization does not anticipate additional employees meeting the service requirements in the future. For qualified retirees, WCM pays medical expenses during retirement after Medicare deductibles are satisfied. Benefits equal 80% of medical expenses for retirees with 20 to 24 years of service and 100% of medical expenses for retirees with 25 years or more of service.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 13. Accrued Pension and Other Post-Retirement Benefits (Continued)

The amounts reflected in the table below referenced as “Amounts not yet recognized in the net post retirement periodic benefit cost” represent prior service costs and actuarial losses that are being reclassified into the net periodic pension cost and will reduce the future periodic benefit costs of WCM.

Benefits paid by the Organization were \$407,404 and \$419,538 for 2018 and 2017. The following summarizes the unfunded status of the plan at December 31:

	2018	2017
Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation	\$ (1,763,300)	\$ (2,146,664)
Plan assets	-	-
Unfunded status at December 31,	(1,763,300)	(2,146,664)
Total accrued postretirement cost accrued in the combined statements of financial position	\$ (1,763,300)	\$ (2,146,664)
Amounts not yet recognized in the net post retirement periodic benefit cost:		
Unrecognized net loss	\$ 489,306	\$ 590,969
Components of net periodic pension cost:		
Interest cost	\$ 64,714	\$ 82,318
Amortization of net loss	60,989	68,314
Net periodic postretirement cost	\$ 125,703	\$ 150,632
Net gain and net transition obligation recognized in the combined statement of activities and changes in net assets:		
Net gain arising during current period	\$ (40,674)	\$ (42,144)
Amounts reclassified as components of net periodic benefit cost:		
Amortization of net gain	(60,989)	(68,314)
	\$ (101,663)	\$ (110,458)
Estimated amounts to be recognized in the next fiscal year:		
Amortization of net loss	\$ 60,989	\$ 68,314

The weighted-average assumptions as of December 31, 2018 are as follows:

Discount rate	3.75% in 2018 and 3.25% 2017
Health care cost trend rate	5.00% remaining at 5.00% in 2019

A 1% increase in the health care cost trend rate assumption would increase the liability by \$84,827 on the amounts reported. A 1% decrease in the health care cost trend rate assumption would decrease the liability by \$78,195 on the amounts reported.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 13. Accrued Pension and Other Post-Retirement Benefits (Continued)

Contributions are made only to pay benefits. As such, the expected contributions to the plan are equal to the expected future benefit payments. The benefits expected to be paid over each of the next five years and in the aggregate five years thereafter are as follows:

<u>Plan Year</u>	<u>Expected Benefit Payment</u>
2019	\$ 275,226
2020	248,093
2021	222,698
2022	198,943
2023	176,675
2024-2028	603,199

Note 14. Other Accrued Liabilities

Other accrued liabilities consist of the following as of December 31:

	2018					
	OGMP	JWM	LCM	WCM	700 Prospect	Total
Funding for new and renewing congregations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 95,979	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 95,979
Other accrued expenses	444,295	15,500	608,374	357,733	6,700	1,432,602
MAD! conference payable	255,087	-	-	-	-	255,087
Overseas field offices	-	-	-	69,482	-	69,482
Disaster response commitments	-	-	-	189,604	-	189,604
Royalties	24,246	-	-	-	-	24,246
Total other accrued liabilities	\$ 723,628	\$ 15,500	\$ 704,353	\$ 616,819	\$ 6,700	\$ 2,067,000
	2017					
	OGMP	JWM	LCM	WCM	700 Prospect	Total
Funding for new and renewing congregations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 171,810	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 171,810
Other accrued expenses	512,561	185,525	395,626	421,405	29,415	1,544,532
MAD! conference payable	255,087	-	-	-	-	255,087
Overseas field offices	-	-	-	47,624	-	47,624
Income distributions	-	-	-	2,315	-	2,315
Philippines typhoon and other disaster response commitments	-	-	-	289,489	-	289,489
Royalties	28,577	-	-	-	-	28,577
Total other accrued liabilities	\$ 796,225	\$ 185,525	\$ 567,436	\$ 760,833	\$ 29,415	\$ 2,339,434

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 15. Other Liabilities

Other liabilities consist of the following as of December 31:

	2018					Total
	OGMP	JWM	LCM	WCM	700 Prospect	
Deferred revenue	\$ 183,910	\$ 16,021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 199,931
Segregated reserves:						
Conditional gifts	-	-	37,461	-	-	37,461
UCF Planned Giving program	-	-	-	1,550,000	-	1,550,000
Total	\$ 183,910	\$ 16,021	\$ 37,461	\$ 1,550,000	\$ -	\$ 1,787,392

	2017					Total
	OGMP	JWM	LCM	WCM	700 Prospect	
Deferred revenue	\$ 85,150	\$ 15,947	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 101,097
Segregated reserves:						
Conditional gifts	-	-	40,994	-	-	40,994
UCF Planned Giving program	-	-	-	1,550,000	-	1,550,000
Total	\$ 85,150	\$ 15,947	\$ 40,994	\$ 1,550,000	\$ -	\$ 1,692,091

Note 16. Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net asset balances with donor restrictions consist of the following at December 31:

	2018				
	OGMP	JWM	LCM	WCM	Total
Net assets with donor restrictions:					
Subject to expenditure for specified purpose:					
Mission	\$ 1,727,853	\$ 3,281,998	\$ 476,919	\$ 5,380,177	\$ 10,866,947
Subject to passage of time:					
Split interest agreements	620,588	183,701	350,298	1,667,670	2,822,257
Subject to the Organization's spending policy and appropriation:					
Original donor-restricted gift amount and amounts required to be maintained in perpetuity by donor:	7,916,748	32,400	17,969,022	18,571,580	44,489,750
Accumulated investment gains	1,370,981	18,066	58,111,588	69,638,271	129,138,906
Beneficial interest in trusts held by others	-	641,318	3,417,978	8,392,019	12,451,315
	<u>9,287,729</u>	<u>691,784</u>	<u>79,498,588</u>	<u>96,601,870</u>	<u>186,079,971</u>
Total net assets with donor restrictions	\$ 11,636,170	\$ 4,157,483	\$ 80,325,805	\$ 103,649,717	\$ 199,769,175

	2017				
	OGMP	JWM	LCM	WCM	Total
Net assets with donor restrictions:					
Subject to expenditure for specified purpose:					
Mission	\$ 2,801,963	\$ 2,527,037	\$ 1,149,946	\$ 6,307,692	\$ 12,786,638
Subject to passage of time:					
Split interest agreements	677,373	234,015	415,781	2,002,314	3,329,483
Subject to the Organization's spending policy and appropriation:					
Original donor-restricted gift amount and amounts required to be maintained in perpetuity by donor:	6,757,038	32,400	18,002,197	18,278,613	43,070,248
Accumulated investment gains	2,530,651	22,259	76,784,246	73,952,523	153,289,679
Beneficial interest in trusts held by others	-	658,187	3,882,345	9,692,353	14,232,885
	<u>9,287,689</u>	<u>712,846</u>	<u>98,668,788</u>	<u>101,923,489</u>	<u>210,592,812</u>
Total net assets with donor restrictions	\$ 12,767,025	\$ 3,473,898	\$ 100,234,515	\$ 110,233,495	\$ 226,708,933

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 16. Net Assets With Donor Restrictions (Continued)

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purpose or by the occurrence of the passage of time for other events by the donors totaling \$7,405,604 and \$6,061,055 for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Included in net assets with donor restrictions are the beneficial interest in trusts held by others. These funds are held in perpetuity by outside trustees. The Organization has no control of the assets or the investment of assets. The Organization is named as the irrevocable beneficiary and has recorded the beneficial interest of funds held by others at the Organization's proportionate interest in the estimated fair value of the assets, or at the present value of the future cash flows when an irrevocable trust is established or the Organization is notified of its existence. The fair value of the beneficial interest of funds held in trust at December 31, 2018 and 2017 was \$12,451,315 and \$14,232,885, respectively.

Note 17. Endowment Funds

The Organization's endowments consist of approximately 1,100 donor restricted endowment funds established for a variety of purposes. As required by GAAP, net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Wider Church Ministries is subject to The Massachusetts' version of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) and all other ministries are subject to the Ohio version. UPMIFA requires classification of amounts in its donor-restricted endowment funds as net assets with donor restrictions because those net assets are time restricted until the Board of Directors appropriates such amounts for expenditure. The Board of Directors of the Organization has interpreted UPMIFA as not requiring the maintenance of purchasing power of the original gift amount contributed to an endowment fund, unless a donor stipulates to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, when reviewing its donor-restricted endowment funds, the Organization considers a fund to be underwater if the fair value of the fund is less than the sum of (a) the original value of initial and subsequent gift amounts donated to the fund and (b) any accumulations to the fund that are required to be maintained in perpetuity in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument. The Organization has interpreted UPMIFA to permit spending from underwater funds in accordance with the prudent measure required under the law. Additionally, in accordance with UPMIFA, the Organization considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- (1) The duration and preservation of the fund
- (2) The purposes of the Organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- (3) General economic conditions
- (4) The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- (5) The expected total return from income and appreciation of investments
- (6) Other resources of the Organization
- (7) The investment policies of the Organization

Funds with deficiencies: From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or UPMIFA requires the Organization to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, deficiencies of this nature exist at December 31, 2018 in 68 donor-restricted endowment funds, which together have an original gift value of \$5,834,230, a current fair value of \$3,996,287, and a deficiency of \$1,837,943 as of December 31, 2018. At December 31, 2017, there are 27 donor-restricted endowment funds, which together have an original gift value of \$7,279,071, a current fair value of \$6,231,535, and a deficiency of \$2,078,603. These deficiencies resulted from unfavorable market fluctuations that occurred shortly after the investment of new contributions for donor-restricted endowment funds and continued appropriation for certain programs that was deemed prudent by the Board of Directors.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 17. Endowment Funds (Continued)

The Organization has a policy that permits spending from underwater endowment funds depending on the degree to which the fund is underwater, unless otherwise precluded by donor intent or relevant laws and regulations. Each Ministries' Board appropriated for expenditure 4 to 5% of the moving five (5) year average value of the endowment, as determined in the last quarter of the current fiscal year.

Return objectives and risk parameters: The Organization has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that the Organization must hold in perpetuity. Under this policy, as approved by the Board of Directors, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to grow in excess of the spending rate in a conservative manner.

Strategies employed for achieving objectives: To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the Organization relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Organization targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

Spending policy and how the investment objectives relate to spending policy: The Organization has adopted a policy of appropriating for distribution each year a percentage of the moving five (5) year average value of the endowment, as determined in the last quarter of the current fiscal year and will be incorporated in the following year's distribution as income available to programs. The percentages, as determined by each individual Board ranged from 4 to 5%, unless deemed prudent by the Board to spend a different amount in order to meet its budgetary commitments. In establishing this policy, the Boards of Directors considered the long-term expected return on their endowments. Accordingly, over the long term, the Boards expect the current spending policy to allow their endowments to grow at an average of 2.5 to 3.5% annually. This is consistent with the Organization's objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets held in perpetuity or for a specified term as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment return.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 17. Endowment Funds (Continued)

Endowment net asset composition by type of fund as of December 31:

	2018		
	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Donor-restricted endowment funds:			
Original donor-restricted gift amount and amounts required to be maintained in perpetuity by donor	\$ -	\$ 44,489,750	\$ 44,489,750
Accumulated investment gains	-	129,138,906	129,138,906
Board-designated endowment	88,528,240	-	88,528,240
Total	\$ 88,528,240	\$ 173,628,656	\$ 262,156,896
	2017		
	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Donor-restricted endowment funds:			
Original donor-restricted gift amount and amounts required to be maintained in perpetuity by donor	\$ -	\$ 43,070,248	\$ 43,070,248
Accumulated investment gains	-	153,289,679	153,289,679
Board-designated endowment	95,242,219	-	95,242,219
Total	\$ 95,242,219	\$ 196,359,927	\$ 291,602,146

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 17. Endowment Funds (Continued)

Changes in endowment net assets for the years ended December 31:

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Endowment assets, January 1, 2017	\$ 84,035,546	\$ 175,377,682	\$ 259,413,228
Contributions/transfers in	2,259,212	2,259,907	4,519,119
Income earned on investments	1,324,558	2,391,526	3,716,084
Net realized gains on investments sold	735,234	1,775,469	2,510,703
Unrealized appreciation on investments	10,501,033	20,939,248	31,440,281
Endowment assets released from restrictions	(183,554)	(2,058,686)	(2,242,240)
Reclassification	-	418,909	418,909
Total return draw	(3,429,810)	(4,744,128)	(8,173,938)
Net change	11,206,673	20,982,245	32,188,918
Endowment assets, December 31, 2017	95,242,219	196,359,927	291,602,146
Contributions/transfers in	18,893	2,278,658	2,297,551
Income earned on investments	1,847,768	2,150,019	3,997,787
Net realized gains on investments sold	17,030,520	44,287,510	61,318,030
Unrealized depreciation on investments	(21,974,187)	(65,478,890)	(87,453,077)
Endowment assets released from restrictions	(50)	(1,396,645)	(1,396,695)
Expenditure of board designated endowments	(33,607)	-	(33,607)
Reclassification	41,765	(41,765)	-
Total return draw	(3,645,081)	(4,530,158)	(8,175,239)
Net change	(6,713,979)	(22,731,271)	(29,445,250)
Endowment assets, December 31, 2018	\$ 88,528,240	\$ 173,628,656	\$ 262,156,896

Note 18. Leases

The Organization leases land and buildings to UCC churches under noncancelable operating lease agreements. Under some of the lease agreements, the Organization is required to deposit half of the monthly payment amount into Cornerstone Fund, Inc., which is under the tenant's control and restricted for use of future payments or other tenant requests approved by the fund.

Payments received by the Organization are recorded as lease revenue.

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 18. Leases (Continued)

Future minimum rent to be received under these leases is as follows:

2019	\$ 37,300
2020	40,900
2021	35,500
2022	23,100
2023	14,700
Total	\$ 151,500

The Organization leases facilities and equipment under operating leases expiring at various periods through July 2019.

At December 31, 2018, future minimum rental payments required under non-cancelable operating leases in excess of one year are:

2019	\$ 156,398
2020	126,379
2021	111,616
Total	\$ 394,393

Total rental expense for all operating leases was \$182,539 and \$177,536 for 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Note 19. Deconsolidation of an Affiliate

As of January 1, 2017, the Organization no longer holds control or economic interest in Franklinton Center, a prior affiliate. As a result of the loss of controlling financial interest, JWM deconsolidated Franklinton Center's assets and liabilities. A realized loss on deconsolidation of an affiliate of \$1,457,396 was recorded for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Note 20. Functional Classification of Expenses

Functional expenses – operating activity for 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

	Program Services										Total Program	Management and General	Fundraising	Total Expenses
	OGMP	JWM	LCM	CB&LF	WCM	OGHS	700 Prospect	Inter-Ministry Eliminations						
Salaries	\$ 256,829	\$ 949,447	\$ 877,560	\$ 466,725	\$ 1,413,690	\$ 196,801	\$ 142,191	\$ -	\$ 4,303,243	\$ 2,074,601	\$ 857,911	\$ 7,235,755		
Benefits and payroll taxes	138,886	411,054	395,181	152,407	398,298	54,755	64,568	-	1,615,149	971,651	416,708	3,003,508		
Retired missionary benefits	-	-	-	-	439,990	-	-	-	439,990	-	-	439,990		
Travel	41,623	92,789	112,815	175,036	137,675	15,742	97	-	575,777	71,213	39,727	686,717		
Governance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	143,550	-	143,550		
Office expenses	120,423	73,869	1,462,988	417,449	223,098	4,167	1,098,456	-	3,400,450	1,260,535	620,441	5,281,426		
Programs	2,507,508	168,619	5,190,296	775,995	1,505,490	1,798,913	-	(1,042,597)	10,904,224	-	-	10,904,224		
Grants	435,887	333,459	562,801	-	2,660,667	-	-	-	3,992,814	-	-	3,992,814		
Rent	550,524	160,965	232,885	36,276	134,304	-	-	(992,573)	122,381	-	-	122,381		
Allocation	(1,650,386)	489,668	600,080	161,625	715,555	-	-	-	316,542	-	-	316,542		
	\$ 2,401,294	\$ 2,679,870	\$ 9,434,606	\$ 2,185,513	\$ 7,628,767	\$ 2,070,378	\$ 1,305,312	\$ (2,035,170)	\$ 25,670,570	\$ 4,521,550	\$ 1,934,787	\$ 32,126,907		

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

Note 20. Functional Classification of Expenses (Continued)

Each ministry operates as a specific program (as disclosed in Note 1) and One Great Hour of Sharing (OGHS) is the Lenten offering of the United Church of Christ that supports disaster, refugee, and development activities. The costs of providing various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated to program services, management and general, and fundraising as determined by the management of the Organization. Expenses that can be directly identified with a program are allocated according to their natural classification. Salaries, benefits and payroll taxes are allocated based on an estimate of time and effort. Travel and office expenses are allocated based on time and effort of employees. All governance expenses are management and general.

Note 21. Liquidity and Availability

The following reflects the Organization's financial assets as of the statement of financial position date, reduced by amounts not available for general use because of contractual or donor-imposed restrictions within one year of the statement of financial position date:

Financial assets at year end:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,981,916
Investments	285,757,207
Receivables:	
Church building loans, net	35,434,126
Support, net	3,076,246
Other, net	6,273,091
Total financial assets	339,522,586
Less amounts not available to be used within one year:	
Funds held for others	(3,291,901)
Church building loan receivables due after one year, net	(33,979,449)
Other receivables due after one year, net	(2,499,737)
Split interest agreements	(2,822,257)
Donor restricted by time due after one year or purpose	(9,134,589)
Donor restricted in perpetuity	(44,489,750)
Accumulated investment gains on endowment	(129,138,906)
Expected 2019 draw	8,198,262
Board designated funds	(88,528,240)
Financial assets not available to be used within one year	(305,686,567)
Financial assets available to meet general expenditures within one year	\$ 33,836,019

The Organization's endowment fund consists of donor restricted gift amounts and amounts required to be maintained in perpetuity by the donor and accumulated gains. As described in Note 17, the Organization has a policy of appropriating for distribution each year 4 to 5% of the moving five-year average value of the endowment.

Included in net assets without donor restrictions is board designated funds, and at the discretion of the board, can be drawn upon for short-term operating purposes.

The Organization regularly monitors liquidity required to meet its annual operating needs and other contractual commitments while also striving to maximize the return on investment of its funds not required for annual operations. To help manage unanticipated liquidity needs, the Organization has a committed line of credit in the amount of \$5,000,000, which it could draw upon.

Supplementary Information

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Details of Combined Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2018

	Office of General Minister and President	Justice and Witness Ministries	Local Church Ministries & Wholly Controlled Subsidiaries				700 Prospect	Total
			Local Church Ministries	Hotel Venture, LLC	Local Church Ministries Church Building & Loan Fund	Wider Church Ministries		
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ (323,956)	\$ 577,992	\$ 388,476	\$ 379,140	\$ 2,566,864	\$ 4,588,543	\$ 804,857	\$ 8,981,916
Investments	18,405,906	21,585,038	113,108,168	102,413	16,710,889	115,844,793	-	285,757,207
Receivables:								
Church building loans, net	-	-	-	-	35,434,126	-	-	35,434,126
Support, net	3,076,246	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,076,246
Property sale, net	-	-	-	-	-	3,385,109	-	3,385,109
Other, net	2,116,789	183,799	362,082	1,455,822	268,614	1,853,680	32,305	6,273,091
Inventory, prepaid expenses and other assets	314,972	13,362	(40,350)	-	337,087	(17,089)	21,081	629,063
Beneficial interest in trusts held by others	-	641,318	3,417,978	-	-	8,392,019	-	12,451,315
Property and equipment, net	179,784	-	82,908	6,486,783	4,327,938	-	3,387,096	14,464,509
Total assets	\$ 23,769,741	\$ 23,001,509	\$ 117,319,262	\$ 8,424,158	\$ 59,645,518	\$ 134,047,055	\$ 4,245,339	\$ 370,452,582
Liabilities and Net Assets								
Loan payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,050,000	\$ 2,050,000
Accounts payable	878,007	-	-	23,613	-	-	40,598	942,218
Accrued pension and other post-retirement benefits	-	-	-	-	-	1,763,300	-	1,763,300
Other accrued liabilities	723,628	15,500	76,343	353,350	274,660	616,819	6,700	2,067,000
Funds held for others	48,658	-	1,284,412	-	-	1,958,831	-	3,291,901
Other liabilities	183,910	16,021	37,461	-	-	1,550,000	-	1,787,392
Total liabilities	1,834,203	31,521	1,398,216	376,963	274,660	5,888,950	2,097,298	11,901,811
Net assets:								
Without donor restrictions	10,299,368	18,812,505	35,595,241	8,047,195	59,370,858	24,508,388	2,148,041	158,781,596
With donor restrictions	11,636,170	4,157,483	80,325,805	-	-	103,649,717	-	199,769,175
Total net assets	21,935,538	22,969,988	115,921,046	8,047,195	59,370,858	128,158,105	2,148,041	358,550,771
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 23,769,741	\$ 23,001,509	\$ 117,319,262	\$ 8,424,158	\$ 59,645,518	\$ 134,047,055	\$ 4,245,339	\$ 370,452,582

The United Church of Christ Board and Certain Affiliated Entities

Details of Combined Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets
Year Ended December 31, 2018

	OFFICE OF GENERAL MINISTER AND PRESIDENT			JUSTICE AND WITNESS MINISTRIES			Local Church Ministries & Wholly Controlled Subsidiaries					WIDER CHURCH MINISTRIES			700 PROSPECT	INTER-MINISTRY ELIMINATIONS	TOTAL			
	Without Donor	With Donor	Total	Without Donor	With Donor	Total	LOCAL CHURCH MINISTRIES			Hotel	LCM Church	Without Donor	With Donor	Total	Without Donor		Without Donor	With Donor	Total	
	Restrictions	Restrictions		Restrictions	Restrictions		Total	Venture, LLC	Building & Loan Fund	Restrictions	Restrictions	Restrictions	Restrictions							
Operating revenues and support:																				
Our Church's Wider Mission (1):																				
Basic support	\$ 3,537,541	\$ -	\$ 3,537,541	\$ 1,089,705	\$ -	\$ 1,089,705	\$ 60,850	\$ -	\$ 60,850	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 296,446	\$ -	\$ 296,446	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,984,542	\$ -	\$ 4,984,542	
Special support	29,702	1,530,454	1,560,156	-	746,379	746,379	-	267,320	267,320	-	-	-	1,948,429	1,948,429	-	(1,041,837)	29,702	3,450,745	3,480,447	
Gifts, donations and trust income	84,633	260,676	345,309	134,402	92,443	226,845	274,809	-	274,809	-	-	717,180	-	717,180	-	-	1,211,024	353,119	1,564,143	
Other revenues:																				
Publications and other resource sales	1,124,569	-	1,124,569	52,752	-	52,752	55,248	-	55,248	-	-	1,476	-	1,476	-	-	1,234,045	-	1,234,045	
Total return draw	651,422	-	651,422	1,133,804	-	1,133,804	3,007,621	-	3,007,621	-	-	3,382,392	-	3,382,392	-	-	8,175,239	-	8,175,239	
Management fees and other reimbursements	1,048,476	27,229	1,075,705	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	854,768	123,218	977,986	-	(760)	1,902,484	150,447	2,052,931	
Church loan interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	840	-	840	-	1,715,410	-	-	-	-	-	1,716,250	-	1,716,250	
Other	-	-	-	1,980	-	1,980	82,395	-	82,395	-	335,201	4,159	-	4,159	1,253,522	(992,573)	684,684	-	684,684	
Hotel revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,351,191	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,351,191	-	5,351,191	
Net assets released from restrictions	2,264,283	-	2,264,283	53,170	-	53,170	1,093,874	-	1,093,874	-	-	5,036,114	-	5,036,114	-	(1,041,837)	7,405,604	-	7,405,604	
Net assets released from restrictions - temporarily restricted	-	(2,264,283)	(2,264,283)	-	(53,170)	(53,170)	-	(1,093,874)	(1,093,874)	-	-	-	(5,036,114)	(5,036,114)	-	1,041,837	-	(7,405,604)	(7,405,604)	
Total operating revenues and support	8,740,626	(445,924)	8,294,702	2,465,813	785,652	3,251,465	4,575,637	(826,554)	3,749,083	5,351,191	2,050,611	10,292,535	(2,964,467)	7,328,068	1,253,522	(2,035,170)	32,694,765	(3,451,293)	29,243,472	
Operating expenses:																				
Program services	2,401,294	-	2,401,294	2,679,870	-	2,679,870	4,263,015	-	4,263,015	5,171,591	2,185,513	9,699,145	-	9,699,145	1,305,312	(2,035,170)	25,670,570	-	25,670,570	
Management and general	4,481,436	-	4,481,436	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,114	-	40,114	-	-	4,521,550	-	4,521,550	
Fundraising	1,934,787	-	1,934,787	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,934,787	-	1,934,787	
Total operating expenses	8,817,517	-	8,817,517	2,679,870	-	2,679,870	4,263,015	-	4,263,015	5,171,591	2,185,513	9,739,259	-	9,739,259	1,305,312	(2,035,170)	32,126,907	-	32,126,907	
Increase (decrease) from operating activity	(76,891)	(445,924)	(522,815)	(214,057)	785,652	571,595	312,622	(826,554)	(513,932)	179,600	(134,902)	553,276	(2,964,467)	(2,411,191)	(51,790)	-	567,858	(3,451,293)	(2,883,435)	
Non-operating revenues and support:																				
Gifts and donations	-	72,002	72,002	-	-	-	400	15,946	16,346	-	-	659,694	2,398,173	3,057,867	-	-	660,094	2,486,121	3,146,215	
Interest and dividends net of total return draw	(67,255)	165,640	98,385	(653,182)	1,091	(652,091)	(55,041)	(1,492,450)	(1,547,491)	-	376,196	(549,236)	(1,087,273)	(1,636,509)	-	-	(948,518)	(2,412,992)	(3,361,510)	
(Depreciation) appreciation in value of investments	(1,178,551)	(835,789)	(2,014,340)	(2,465,321)	(35,976)	(2,501,297)	7,480,519	(17,075,801)	(9,595,282)	-	(1,248,649)	(8,877,010)	(3,336,774)	(12,213,784)	-	-	(6,289,012)	(21,284,340)	(27,573,352)	
Change in value of beneficial interest in trusts held by others	-	-	-	-	(16,868)	(16,868)	-	(464,368)	(464,368)	-	-	-	(1,300,334)	(1,300,334)	-	-	-	(1,781,570)	(1,781,570)	
Change in value of split interest agreements	-	(86,784)	(86,784)	-	(50,314)	(50,314)	-	(65,483)	(65,483)	-	-	-	(293,103)	(293,103)	-	-	-	(495,684)	(495,684)	
Total non-operating revenues and support	(1,245,806)	(684,931)	(1,930,737)	(3,118,503)	(102,067)	(3,220,570)	7,425,878	(19,082,156)	(11,656,278)	-	(872,453)	(8,766,552)	(3,619,311)	(12,385,863)	-	-	(6,577,436)	(23,488,465)	(30,065,901)	
(Decrease) increase in net assets before the effect of postretirement cost	(1,322,697)	(1,130,855)	(2,453,552)	(3,332,560)	683,585	(2,648,975)	7,738,500	(19,908,710)	(12,170,210)	179,600	(1,007,355)	(8,213,276)	(6,583,778)	(14,797,054)	(51,790)	-	(6,009,578)	(26,939,758)	(32,949,336)	
Postretirement related changes other than net periodic postretirement cost																				
(Decrease) increase in net assets	(1,322,697)	(1,130,855)	(2,453,552)	(3,332,560)	683,585	(2,648,975)	7,738,500	(19,908,710)	(12,170,210)	179,600	(1,007,355)	(8,111,613)	(6,583,778)	(14,695,391)	(51,790)	-	(5,907,915)	(26,939,758)	(32,847,673)	
Net assets - beginning of year	11,622,065	12,767,025	24,389,090	22,145,065	3,473,898	25,618,963	27,856,741	100,234,515	128,091,256	7,867,595	60,378,213	32,620,001	110,233,495	142,853,496	2,199,831	-	164,689,511	226,708,933	391,398,444	
Net assets - end of year	\$ 10,299,368	\$ 11,636,170	\$ 21,935,538	\$ 18,812,505	\$ 4,157,483	\$ 22,969,988	\$ 35,595,241	\$ 80,325,805	\$ 115,921,046	\$ 8,047,195	\$ 59,370,858	\$ 24,508,388	\$ 103,649,717	\$ 128,158,105	\$ 2,148,041	\$ -	\$ 158,781,596	\$ 199,769,175	\$ 358,550,771	

(1) Note: The Pension Boards receives 5.55% of Our Church's Wider Mission.